



POWER PURCHASE

- SOLARPACK HAS ENTERED INTO A POWER PURCHASE AGREEMENT (PPA) WITH SJVNL FOR THE GANEKO HYBRID PROJECT, WHICH WILL **GENERATE 482 MW OF POWER**
- > Solarpack has secured a 25-year Power Purchase Agreement (PPA) with SJVN Limited for its Ganeko hybrid wind-solar project located in Gujarat.
- > The PPA will commence in 2026, with Solarpack supplying clean energy to SJVN Limited.
- > The Ganeko project includes 383 MW of solar photovoltaic capacity and 99 MW of wind capacity.
- > This agreement supports Solarpack's commitment to providing renewable energy solutions in India and aligns with decarbonization objectives.





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RENEWABLES

BESSAR PLANS TO ALLOCATE ₹30,000 CRORE FOR A GREEN HYDROGEN FACILITY IN GUJARAT



Policy and Regulatory

- THE MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY (MNRE) HAS ISSUED OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR THE PM SURYA GHAR YOJANA
- THE GOVERNMENT HAS RELEASED **GUIDELINES FOR COMPENSATION** RELATED TO THE RIGHT OF WAY FOR TRANSMISSION LINES

















RENEWABLES

>> ESSAR PLANS TO ALLOCATE ₹30,000 CRORE FOR A GREEN HYDROGEN

FACILITY IN GUJARAT

- > Essar Group intends to invest Rs 30,000 crore over the next four years to establish a green hydrogen plant in Jamnagar, Gujarat, as part of its strategy to embrace clean energy for future growth.
- > The conglomerate aims to decarbonise its UK oil refinery and construct a green steel plant in Saudi Arabia, alongside developing an LNG and electric ecosystem to reduce emissions from heavy trucks.
- > Essar Future Energy plans to build 1 gigawatt of hydrogen capacity and associated green molecules production of 1 million tonnes per annum in Jamnagar by utilizing 4.5 GW of renewable energy from Essar Renewables.
- > The company aims to expand its electricity generation capacity to 10,000 MW over the next 3-5 years, including expanding its Salaya -DevBhoomi Dwarka thermal power plant in Gujarat.



- > In the realm of green mobility, Essar is focusing on LNG and electric solutions for heavy trucks to significantly cut CO2 emissions and air pollutants.
- > Additionally, Essar is actively involved in coal-bed methane production in West Bengal and is exploring opportunities in shale gas exploration in the Raniganj CBM block, aiming to enhance India's gas production capabilities.
- > The conglomerate also plans significant investments in decarbonizing its Stanlow refinery in the UK and establishing a green steel plant in Saudi Arabia, utilizing hydrogen technology.













POLICY AND REGULATORY

>> THE MINISTRY OF NEW AND RENEWABLE ENERGY (MNRE) HAS ISSUED OPERATIONAL GUIDELINES FOR THE PM SURYA GHAR YOJANA

- The Ministry of New and Renewable Energy (MNRE) has issued operational guidelines for PM Surya Ghar: Muft Bijli Yojana, focusing initially on central financial assistance (CFA) to residential consumers.
- > The guidelines specify CFA under capex mode for eligible residential consumer categories. Guidelines for other program components will be released separately.
- > Effective from February 13, 2024, the guidelines apply to all applications submitted through the national portal. The program will run until March 31, 2027.
- > The Grid Connected Rooftop Solar Phase II Programme, operational since 2019 and extending to 2025-26, has been integrated into PM Surya Ghar. Initial funding will be sourced from Phase II until the new program's budget is established.

- > CFA supports grid-connected rooftop solar installations on rooftops, terraces, balconies, elevated structures , and building integrated PV systems. Group net metering and virtual net metering installations are eligible if sanctioned by the local DISCOM.
- > CFA can be utilized for installations funded by personal savings or loans. Renewable energy service company and state-led aggregation models are excluded.
- > CFA is not available for non-residential sectors like government, commercial, and industrial segments. Shared facilities in group housing and residential welfare associations are eligible.
- > Solar modules used must meet domestic content requirements to qualify for CFA.









POLICY AND REGULATORY

> Consumers can voluntarily opt out of CFA benefits through the 'Give It Up' option on the national portal, allowing others to benefit. Opting out permits the use of non-domestic modules for installation.

>> THE GOVERNMENT HAS RELEASED GUIDELINES FOR COMPENSATION RELATED TO THE RIGHT OF WAY FOR TRANSMISSION LINES

- > The Ministry of Power has issued new guidelines for Right of Way (RoW) compensation concerning transmission lines, including those in urban areas, to expedite construction and ensure timely completion.
- > These guidelines apply to transmission lines with tower bases of 66 kV and above, excluding sub-transmission and distribution lines below 65 kV.
- > Compensation is determined by the District Magistrate, District Collector, or Deputy Commissioner based on circle rates, guideline values, or prevailing market rates if higher.
- > Compensation for the tower base area is set at 200% of the land value, encompassing the area beneath the tower's legs plus an additional one-meter extension on each side.

- > RoW corridor compensation amounts to 30% of the land value, covering areas defined in Schedule VII of the Central Electricity Authority Regulations, 2022, to mitigate land value reduction due to overhead lines or underground cables.
- > Construction activities are prohibited within the RoW, and states have the flexibility to set higher compensation rates based on local conditions.
- > Alternative compensation methods like transfer of development rights can be facilitated through deposits with local authorities or state governments.
- > Digital payment methods such as Aadhaar-Enabled Payment System and Unified Payments Interface are preferred for one-time upfront compensation payments.











- Detailed operational procedures outline responsibilities for transmission service providers (TSPs), verification of land records, measurement of affected areas, dispute resolution, and documentation of transactions.
- > States may adopt these guidelines with modifications or adhere to central government guidelines in the absence of state-specific regulations.





